



1

Set Temperature and time.

290°F - 320°F (150°C - 160°C)
12-15 Seconds



2

Load a Test Garment.

If possible, slip the platen through the garment so there is only one layer of fabric on top. This will improve contact and speed things up!



3

Pressing Pads.

When dealing with garments that have zips and pockets, we suggest using pressing pads so you can achieve an even pressing surface.



4

Set Pressure.

Manual Press: Tighten dial until the press won't close.
Loosen dial progressively until the press closes.

- Hotrontix and Geo Knight: 8-9
- Pneumatic Press: 40-50 PSI



5

Pre-Press: 5-8 Seconds.

Prepressing releases moisture from the garment ensuring good contact. Repeat this step until there is no steam.



6

Place your SupaReflective Transfer.

Position your SupaReflective transfer on the garment.
Lay the teflon sheet or parchment paper over the SupaReflective.



7

Press for 12-15 Seconds



8

Cold Peel.

Wait a few minutes for your SupaReflective transfer to cool down before peeling.



9

Post-Press: 2-4 Seconds.

Use a teflon sheet or parchment to seal the edges of the SupaReflective.



SupaBill's SupaTips



SupaReflective.

- Always Test Press on a spoiled or old garment to dial in your press before pressing your production
- We give you spare transfers to help you dial in your press
- Use a lower temperature for Polyesters and Synthetics and a higher temperature for Cotton
- When using a Pressing Pad ensure pressure is evenly spread over the platen by balancing, note in the pic we have used a pad at the rear to balance the one at the front of the platen.
- Use more pressure on open weave garments and less pressure on closed or tight weave garments
- Pre-Press for moisture or to warm up the printing surface
- Handy tip – remove from press to let cool down completely, then **COLD PEEL**
- Post press if necessary
- These instructions are your default starting point, settings may vary for different garments and presses

Need help? - hello@supacolour.co.nz